

# SUSTAINABLE ANESTHESIA

## PRACTICE RECOMMENDATIONS

### PRE-OPERATIVE CHECKLIST

- For cases using inhalational anesthesia, ensure that desflurane has been turned **off** in favor of sevoflurane or isoflurane
- CO<sub>2</sub> absorbents are free of strong bases (NaOH, KOH)
- The minimum fresh gas flow has been estimated using an accredited formula or simulation software

### INDUCTION REMINDERS

- During intubation, leave the fresh gas flow off/vaporizer on
- Pediatric Induction:
  - Limit nitrous oxide unless medically necessary
  - Incorporate IV anesthetics
  - Minimize fresh gas flow for the duration of induction
  - For a sevoflurane mask induction, use distraction techniques such as electronic media, conversation, and premedication

### MAINTENANCE REMINDERS

- Minimize fresh gas flow
- Avoid nitrous oxide unless clinically preferred
- Set the vaporizer to deliver a concentration greater than intended
- Closely monitor O<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, and anesthetic concentrations while delivering gas at minimum FGF

## WHY IS IT IMPORTANT?

- All common inhaled anesthetics have global warming potential.
- We can reduce the global warming impact of anesthetic agents by managing fresh gas flow and inhalational agent choice.
- Anesthetic agents are a significant contributor to US healthcare CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

## SUSTAINABILITY MEASURES

### GLOBAL WARMING FOOTPRINT

SUS-02: Global Warming Footprint, Maintenance

SUS-03: Global Warming Footprint, Induction

### FRESH GAS FLOW

SUS-01: Fresh Gas Flow, less than or equal to 3L/min

SUS-04: Fresh Gas Flow Less than/equal to 2 Liters per minute

SUS-06-Peds: Low Fresh Gas Flow, Pediatric Induction

### NITROUS OXIDE AVOIDED

SUS-05-Peds: Nitrous Avoided, Induction

SUS-07: Nitrous Avoided

Learn more about Sustainable Anesthesia on our website:

