Quality Committee Meeting

May 24, 2021



Agenda

Announcements & Upcoming Events

Measure Update Pain 02

Measure Review

TRAN 01 Review - Dr. Linda Liu - UCSF

TRAN 02 Review - Dr. John Trummel - Dartmouth

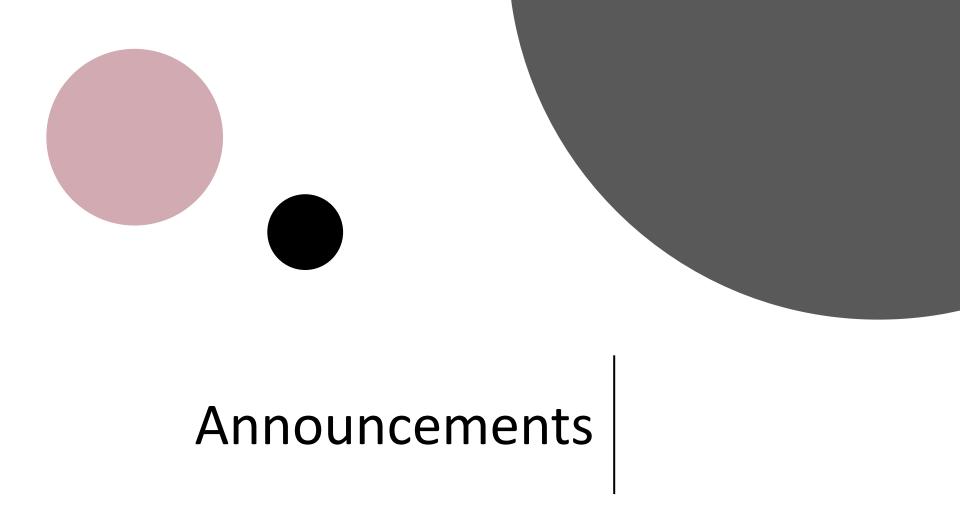
PONV 01 measure updates - Time Permitting

Conclude

Meeting Minutes March 2021

Roll Call – via Zoom or contact us





Featured Member May and June 2021:

Dr. Gary Loyd

Welcome New Sites:

Metro Health Grand Rapids
Froedtert & Medical College of Wisconsin









Friday, July 16, 2021, ASPIRE Collaborative Meeting - virtual Friday, October 8, 2021, MPOG Retreat - hopefully in person + virtual



OB Subcommittee Updates

Kate Buehler



OB Subcommittee Updates

- May 5th meeting <u>minutes</u> & <u>slides</u> now available
- Neuraxial anesthesia type added to the BP 04 OB Case Report tool
 - Request per subcommittee to enable sites to filter out results by neuraxial type

0	Р	Q	R	S
Time of Low Sys BP (Duration)	Total Minutes of Low Sys	Anesthesia Technique Neuraxial	Other Flagged Measures	Primary Anesthesia CPT
	0	Spinal	TEMP03	01961
2021-03-22 11:59 (1 min); 2021-03-22 12:06 (3 min)	4	Spinal	BP03; BP02	01961
	0	Spinal	TEMP03	01961
	0	Epidural		01967
	0	Epidural		01967
2021-03-21 06:26 (1 min); 2021-03-21 06:25 (1 min)	2	Spinal		01961
	0	Epidural		01967
	0	Spinal	PONV03 ; TEMP03	01961
		- II - 2-25-		

- Updating GA 01 (General Anesthesia used in Cesarean Delivery) to highlight cases where neuraxial anesthesia is documented prior to conversion to general anesthesia
- Plan to create new temperature outcome measure (TEMP 05 OB) Hypothermia (<36 C) in PACU

OB Subcommittee Updates

- If your site is doing any work around standardizing documentation of reason for conversion to GA for cesarean delivery- please contact the Coordinating Center.
- Please review the OB dashboard for BP 04 and GA 01. Consider if the results accurately reflect your practice and if the appropriate cases are being excluded

Next meeting: August 4th 1pm EST

For any questions regarding the OB Subcommittee or feedback on the OB measures, please contact: Brooke Szymanski-Bogart bmiszy@med.umich.edu

Pediatric Subcommittee Updates

Meridith Bailey



MPOG Pediatrics Update

- Last meeting was May 19th
 - 33 members in attendance!
- Finalized PONV risk factors for patients 3-17y
 - Females (≥ 12y)
 - Inhaled anesthetic duration ≥ 30 minutes
 - Hx of PONV (personal or first-degree relative)
 - At Risk Surgery (Strabismus, adenotonsillectomy, tympanoplasty)
 - Postoperative long-acting opioids (Administered after Induction)
- Reviewed TRAN-01 and TRAN-02 measure criteria related to patients < 18y



TRAN-01/02 Pediatric Recommendations

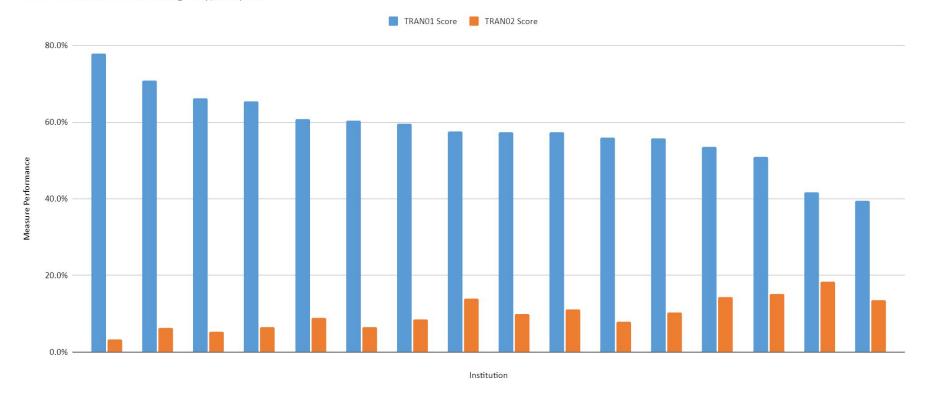


- 1 'unit' transfused definition = 15cc/kg
- Massive Transfusion/blood loss: Total transfused volume (or EBL) of 40cc/kg
- Include patients ≥ 6mo.
- Exclusions
 - Cardiac bypass cases (and ECMO)
 - All obstetric procedures
 - Revisit Burn case exclusion or refine to TBSA.
- TRAN 02 Success
 - If No Hb/Ht checked within 18 hours of Anesthesia End, the case should be flagged for systematic review.



Blood Management Performance (April 2020-2021)

MPOG Peds Institutions Contributing Preop/Postop Data





PAIN 02 Measure Update

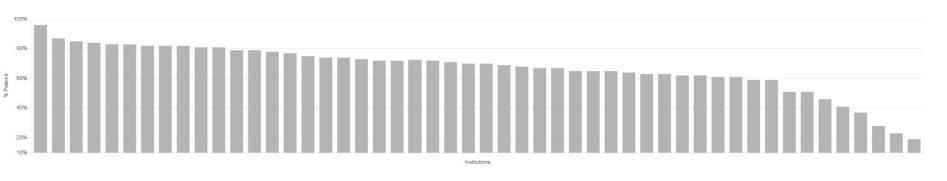


PAIN 02

Percentage of patients ≥ 18 years old who receive a non-opioid adjunct preoperatively and/or intraoperatively (at least one non-opioid adjunct - medication, regional block, neuraxial block, or local injection)

Released to dashboard 5/4/2021

Modified measure from originally approved specification by removing dexmedetomidine from list of non-opioid analgesic medications based on POFA study





Balanced Opioid-free Anesthesia with Dexmedetomidine versus Balanced Anesthesia with Remifentanil for Major or Intermediate Noncardiac Surgery

Helene Beloeil, Matt intraoperative remifentanil plus morphine (remifentanil group) or dexmedetomidine (opioid-free Elisabeth Dubout, St group). All patients received intraoperative propofol, desflurane, dexamethasone, lidocaine infusion, Julie Fayon, Thomas ketamine infusion, neuromuscular blockade, and postoperative lidocaine infusion, paracetamol, Pierre-Marie Choinie nefor Results: The study was stopped prematurely because of five cases of severe bradycardia in the Emmanuel Futier, Br opioi dexmedetomidine group. The primary composite outcome occurred in 122 of 156 (78%) extul dexmedetomidine group patients compared with 105 of 156 (67%) in the remifentanil group (relative and risk, 1.16; 95% CI, 1.01 to 1.33; P = 0.031). Hypoxemia occurred 110 of 152 (72%) of dexmedetomidine group and 94 of 155 (61%) of remifentanil group patients (relative risk, 1.19; 95% CI, 1.02 to 1.40; P = 0.030). There were no differences in ileus or cognitive dysfunction. Cumulative 0 to 48 h postoperative morphine consumption (11 mg [5 to 21] versus 6 mg [0 to 17]) and postoperative nausea and vomiting (58 of 157 [37%] versus 37 of 157 [24%]; relative risk, 0.64; 95% CI, 0.45 to 0.90) were both less in the dexmedetomidine group, whereas measures of analgesia were similar in both groups. Dexmedetomidine patients had more delayed extubation and prolonged postanesthesia care unit

Methods: Patients were randomized to receive a standard balanced anesthetic with either

stay.

Measure Review



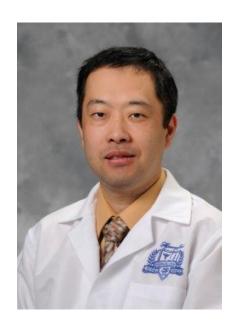
Measure Reviewers - Thank You



Linda Liu, MD UC San Francisco



John Trummel, MD, MPH Dartmouth-Hitchcock



Masakatsu Nanamori, MD Henry Ford Health System



TRAN 01 Measure Review

Link to document



TRAN 01: Summary of modifications proposed

- 1) 350 cc/unit definition is not consistent across centers, our cases have failed at transfusion #4 (MPOG thinks it's 3.4 units) because we use 300 cc/unit Liu
- 2) Is it possible to develop exclusion criteria of red blood transfusion associated with profound or prolonged intraoperative hypotension requiring a vasopressor use or sign of the end organ damage? Nanamori
- 3) There are considerations made for hemodynamics for C/S patients (HR>110, SBP<85, DBP<45, or O2Sat <95%) Should there also be considerations for other surgical patients who are hemodynamically unstable? (ie: where the successive unit is given without stopping for a hct check)? Or else if 2 units are given within 15-30 minutes, they are considered as passed based on 1 prior hct/hgb check? Liu
- 4) Consideration for separation of cardiac and non-cardiac cases? Nanamori



TRAN 01 Measure Vote

Please remember: 1 vote per institution



TRAN 02 Measure Review

Link to document



TRAN 02: Summary of modifications proposed

If No Hb/Ht checked within 18 hours of Anesthesia End, the case should be flagged for systematic review - Shah (based on feedback from Pediatric Subcommittee)



TRAN 02 Measure Vote

Please remember: 1 vote per institution



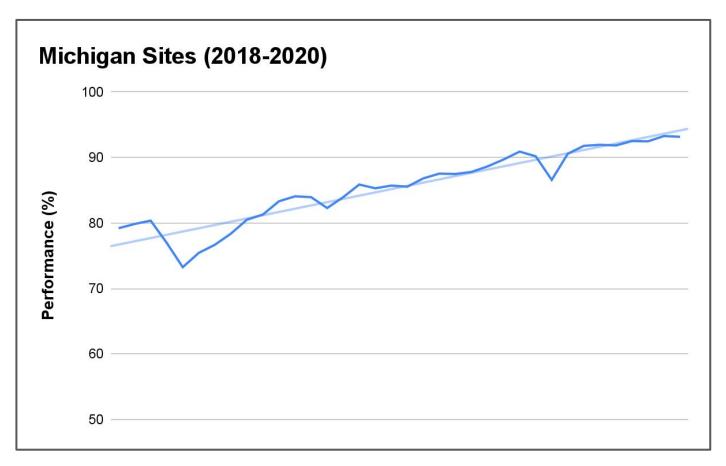
PONV Measure Updates



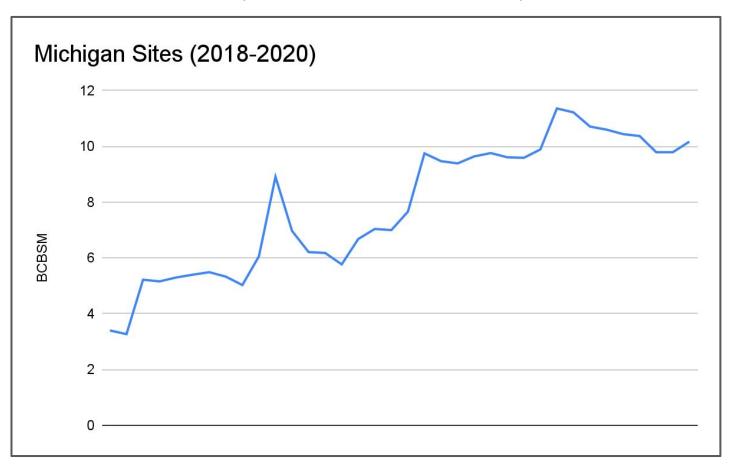
New Guidelines Released

- Fourth Consensus Guidelines for the Management of Postoperative Nausea and Vomiting released August 2020 in Anesthesia and Analgesia
- New guidelines provide updates to both risk factors and prophylaxis recommendations for adults and pediatrics
- MPOG Pediatric Subcommittee creating new measure for pediatrics PONV prophylaxis
- Need feedback from Quality Committee for new adult prophylaxis measure
- Consider new measure rather than revision to old measure to enable comparison between two processes and impact on outcome (PONV 03)

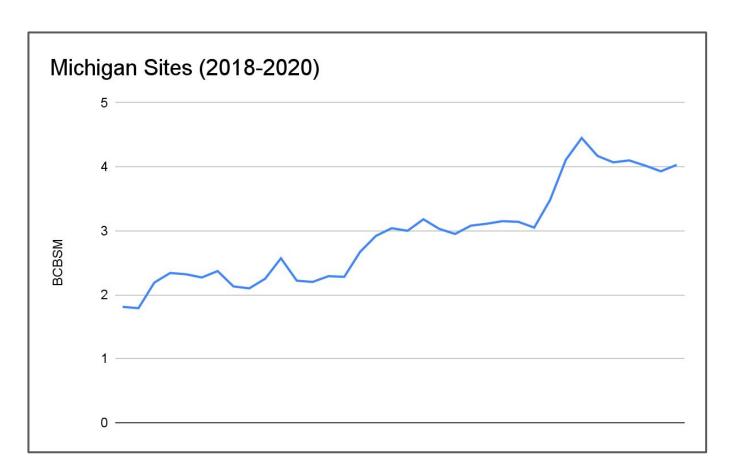
Background: PONV 01 Performance



PONV 03 Performance (Increased Incidence)

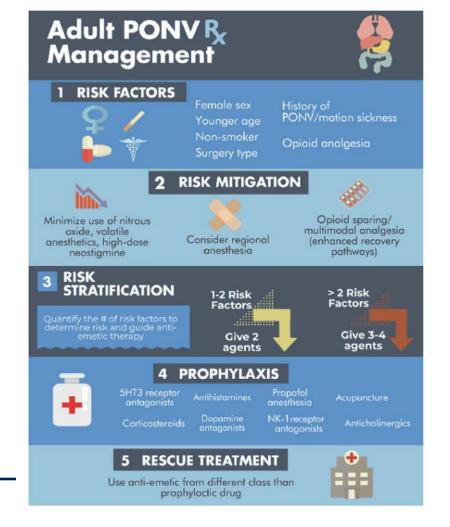


PONV 03b Performance



Need feedback regarding:

- 1. Risk Factors
- 2. Inclusions/Exclusions
- 3. Success Criteria
- 4. Prophylaxis



Gan et al, 2020

Proposed Risk Factors

- Female sex
- Non-smoker
- Age < 50 years
- At Risk Surgery
 - Cholecystectomy
 - Laparoscopic
 - Gynecological
- Hx of PONV or motion sickness
- Use of volatile anesthetics and/or nitrous oxide (> 1 hour?)
- Use of opioid analgesia medium and long acting





Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria

OLD (PONV 01 - 2018) from MIPS Measure

Inclusion

- Received an inhalational general anesthetic
- Has ≥ 3 risk factors for PONV

Exclusion

- Patients less than 18 years old
- Patients transferred directly → ICU
- Liver or Lung Transplants
- CPT 00452 (no longer used for clavicle surgery)
- Procedures on the Neck
- Intrathoracic Procedures (CPT 00561)
- Cardiac procedures (CPT 00562, 00563, 00567)
- CPT 00622 (no longer used for thoracolumbar sympathectomy)
- CPT 00634 (no longer used for chemonucleolysis)
- Radiology Procedures (CPT 01916; 01922)
- Cardiac Catheterization procedures (CPT 01920)
- Burn Debridement (CPT 01953)
- Organ Harvest (CPT 01990)
- Anesthesia for other procedures/block only (CPT 01991, 01992, 01996, 01999)
- Labor Epidurals (CPT 01958, 01960)

UPDATE (2021)

Inclusion

- Patients ≥ 18 years old
- Received general anesthesia (inhalational or TIVA)

Exclusion

- Patients < 18 years old
- Patients transferred directly → ICU
- Labor Epidural cases
- Organ Harvest (CPT 01990)
- Cases performed without general anesthesia
 - Neuraxial only
 - Regional only
 - MAC/sedation cases

Gan et al, 2020



Success Criteria

OLD (PONV 01)

 Patients with <u>3 or more risk factors</u> receive combination therapy consisting of at least <u>two prophylactic pharmacologic anti-emetic</u> <u>agents</u> of different classes preoperatively or intraoperatively

NEW (PONV 04)

- Patients with 1 or 2 risk factor(s) receive combination therapy consisting of at least two prophylactic pharmacologic anti-emetic agents of different classes preoperatively or intraoperatively.
- Patients with <u>3 or 4 risk factor(s)</u>, receive <u>three</u>
 or more prophylactic pharmacologic antiemetic
 agents from different classes preoperatively or
 intraoperatively.



Prophylaxis Considerations

OLD (PONV 01-2018):

- NK-1 Receptor Antagonists
- 5-Hydroxytryptamine (5-HT3) Receptor Antagonists
- Glucocorticoids
- Phenothiazines
- Butyrophenones
- Antihistamines
- Anticholinergics
- Prokinetics (metoclopramide)
- Other:
 - Propofol (infusion only)

NEW (PONV 04 - 2021):

- NK-1 Receptor Antagonists
- 5-Hydroxytryptamine (5-HT3) Receptor Antagonists
 - Remove Dolasetron?
- Glucocorticoids
- Phenothiazines
- Butyrophenones (rename Antidopaminergics)
 - Move metoclopramide to this category
 - Add perphenazine?
 - Keep Haloperidol?
- Antihistamines
- Anticholinergics
- Other
 - Propofol (infusion only)
 - Continue to exclude midazolam?
 - Continue to exclude gabapentinoids?
- Add non-pharmacologic section
 - Include acupuncture (PC6 stimulation)



Another consideration - should we match the inclusion and exclusion criteria for the process and outcome measure

PONV 01 Exclusions

- Patients transferred directly → ICU
- Liver or Lung Transplants
- CPT 00452 (no longer used for clavicle surgery)
- Procedures on the Neck
- Intrathoracic Procedures (CPT 00561)
- Cardiac procedures (CPT 00562, 00563, 00567)
- CPT 00622 (no longer used for thoracolumbar sympathectomy)
- CPT 00634 (no longer used for chemonucleolysis)
- Radiology Procedures (CPT 01916; 01922)
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- Burn Debridement (CPT 01953)
- Organ Harvest (CPT 01990)
- Anesthesia for other procedures/block only (CPT 01991, 01992, 01996, 01999)
- Labor Epidurals (CPT 01958, 01960)

PONV 03/03b Exclusions

- Patients transferred directly → ICU
- Liver or Lung Transplants
- Organ Harvest (CPT: 01990)
- Labor epidurals
- MAC cases?



Next steps

Create Measure Specification

Circulate among Quality Committee for feedback

Review at next Quality Committee meeting (July)

Vote to approve

Thank You